

## **Historic, Archive Document**

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



62.91 - 1931

# STRAWBERRY PLANTS

## EVERBEARING AND STANDARD

RECEIVED

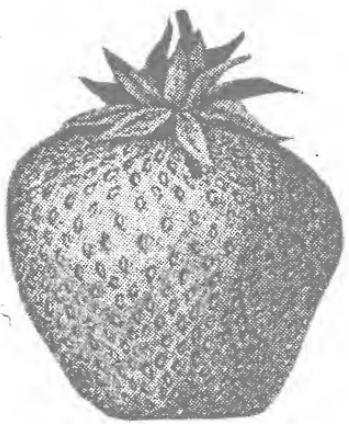
JAN 8 1929

U. S. Department of Agriculture



Americus Strawberries, photographed November 16, 1918

CANYON HOME NURSERY  
F. I. MOFFET  
ELLENSBURG, WASHINGTON



WE PAY POSTAGE AND  
EXPRESS CHARGES

## AIDS IN ORDERING

Our season begins usually the last of March or the first of April, and continues to June.

All orders for plants are carefully booked on receipt, and filled in rotation as soon as the weather permits.

Order early to insure getting what you want. We will reserve plants for you, and send them at the proper time. We sold our entire stock out early last season, and had to turn away a great many orders.

Cash should accompany each order. We do a cash business and so can sell plants cheaper than would be possible with a credit business. Money orders, drafts or checks will be accepted. Please do not send coins or bills loose in your letter.

In selling wholesale, firms unknown to us must pay cash, or furnish us with satisfactory references. Orders to be sent C. O. D. should be accompanied with one-fourth cash.

We pay postage or express charges, and reserve the right to send the plants which way we find the best.

We acknowledge all orders promptly. If you do not hear from your order, please wait a reasonable length of time and then write us again, giving details of order.

All our strawberry plants are put up in bunches of 25 each. We make no extra charge for packing.

We do not care to sell plants in the fall. Our runner plants are not rooted sufficiently early in the fall, and we believe it is better to set everbearing strawberries in the spring. However, we sometimes do sell a few in October in response to pressing orders.

In ordering plants at thousand rates, please do not split up the order into several varieties. For instance, we sell 250 Superb plants for \$5.00. Now, if you send the \$5.00 please do not ask us to send 150 Superbs and 100 Americus. When we offer to send less than a thousand at thousand rates, we mean all one variety.

The prices listed in this catalog are not the highest, nor are they the lowest. Our aim is to sell as cheap as good plants can be produced. This catalog is not as large as it might be made, but to make it larger would mean that we would have to increase our prices somewhat, so we prefer to give our customers the benefit of the small book.

We are always glad to answer questions, but before writing us, please read the catalog and see if the question is not answered in it.

---

## EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

Each year the interest in Everbearing strawberries grows and widens. This last year there was an immense demand for them, and the better they are known, the more appreciation they win in all quarters. They are now planted in nearly all sections

of the country, and are giving satisfaction from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The Everbearers are especially good for those who wish quick results, as they bear a crop the same year they are set out, like vegetables. Three months after they are set out in the spring they will begin to bear fine berries, and will continue to fruit until the ground freezes. The next spring these same vines will give a heavy crop, usually in June in the north. Nor is this all. After the June crop is off, the plants will continue to bear a scattering crop until August, when they start anew, and fruit heavily all the fall. Thus three good crops are secured in two years. Where can you find anything better than that?

Everbearing strawberries are not an experiment. They have been grown for a number of years, and are being sold by leading nurserymen everywhere. We were among the first to appreciate their value, and have been growing them since 1911.

Every year has added to our good opinion of them and while they do not displace the standard or ordinary varieties, they fill a place of their own, and have been proved to be extremely valuable. The berries are of good size and flavor and bear abundantly. They are equally good for home garden and for marketing.

If you wish to grow fruit as a commercial proposition, it is hard to see where you can find anything better than Everbearing strawberries. The returns begin to come in the fall after the plants are set, instead of

waiting until next year, as with ordinary strawberries, or from five to eight years, as with fruit trees. Strawberries in the fall bring an especially high price, many gardeners getting from 25 to 50 cents a quart for them.

Not until you grow some of these Everbearers for yourself can you fully appreciate their many really wonderful qualities.

---

## VARIETIES OF EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

There are several varieties of Everbearing strawberries, but those most widely grown and so far proved to be the best are the Americus, the Superb and the Progressive.

**AMERICUS**—The plants of the Americus are strong and hardy, and make a quick and thrifty growth. The berries are a bright red, medium to very large in size, and have an exquisite flavor much like that of the wild strawberry. We are often asked if the Everbearers have as good a flavor as the ordinary sorts. The Americus berry is very sweet and much better in flavor than the average strawberry. We have sold strawberries for 6 years to the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway for their dining cars, and those who are familiar with this railway know how particular they are about their dining service. It is the Americus variety that we put on these trains.

The Americus is also very firm, making

it fine for shipping to distant markets. The plant makes a moderate number of runners, and these runners also bear fruit the first season, many having ripe berries on them before they are well rooted.

The Everbearers do not make as many runner plants as ordinary strawberries, consequently they must be sold at a somewhat higher price.

The Americus plant is the healthiest of any strawberry we have ever grown and the berry is the sweetest.

**SUPERB**—The Superb plants are large and strong, and make quite a number of runners. The fruit is very large, many berries being as large as crab apples. They are dark red, rounded in shape, and of medium flavor. The blossoms hide under the leaves, so that they are not as much affected by frost as some varieties. The berries are firm, very good for shipping.

The Superb should be grown by the hill method, that is, all runners kept off. Grown this way, they will yield abundantly, but if the runners are left on the fall crop will not be large. The Superb gives a heavy June crop the second year. It is a very good commercial variety.

The Superb is a very beautiful berry, and many of our customers are very enthusiastic about it.

**PROGRESSIVE**—The Progressive has small vigorous, heavily rooted plants, with many runners. It bears very abundantly, with berries slightly smaller than the other kinds. Color dark red, flavor resembling Senator

Dunlap. The Progressive is a favorite with southern growers, as it seems to do better in the south than the other varieties of Everbearers. It is good for the home garden and for the home market, but it is not a good shipper.

---

### **SPRING OR STANDARD STRAWBERRIES**

**NEW OREGON or BANNER**—A very large, berry, bright red, firm, very good flavor. The plant is extremely large and thrifty. It yields heavily, and can scarcely be recommended too highly.

**MAGOON**—A heavy yielder. Berries dark red, large, flavor fine. Not quite so firm as some, but grown a great deal.

**MARSHALL**—The Marshall is a beautiful dark red berry, the rich red extending clear to the center. It is large and very attractive and the quality is unsurpassed. These big delicious berries are classed as extra fancy in the markets, and are very popular on the Pacific Coast.

The Marshall is a firm berry, and therefore good for shipping. In canning it holds its shape and color, and this, together with the fine flavor, make it a great favorite. The Marshall is the leading variety demanded by the canneries, and they cannot get enough, but are constantly calling for more. If they should decide to buy only one variety that one would surely be the Marshall. Many growers are putting out a large acreage de-

voted to this one variety alone. There is a market for all you can raise, and you cannot go wrong in planting extensively of this handsome and valuable berry. The plants are good growers, healthy and productive. We have a fine large stock of the plants, more than all our other standard varieties together. There is a big demand for them, and we are prepared for an extensive sale.

**CLARK'S SEEDLING** (Hood River)—Berries bright red, fine flavor. Plants small, but strong. Not a very abundant yielder, but a good shipper.

**GOLD DOLLAR**—Plant a strong grower and produces a heavy crop of fruit. Berries dark red, good size, firm. This is an early variety.

**EARLY OZARK**—We have found this a very good strawberry. The foliage is tall and heavy, and the plants bear very abundantly. Plants bear extra early. Try a few of these.

---

## CULTURE OF STRAWBERRIES

Strawberries are not particular as to soil, as long as it is in good condition, well harrowed, fine and soft. Land that has been well cultivated the previous year is preferable. Do not use ground that has been in sod the year before, as it is apt to be infested with white grubs.

Enrich the land with well rotted manure, or some good fertilizer. Do not use fresh horse manure on strawberry plants, as it will burn them. Bone meal is very good, as

it adds phosphorus to supplement the nitrogen in the manure.

We usually make strawberry rows three feet apart, and set the plants from 12 to 18 inches apart in the row. It is often a good idea to trim off the roots of the plants a little just before planting. A quick method of planting is with the spade. Insert the spade to a good depth and remove, pressing forward as you remove it, and put the plant in the V-shaped opening left. Then press the dirt close to the plant with the foot. Be sure the roots are down straight, the crown of the plant level with the ground, and the soil pressed close around the plant, leaving no cracks for the escape of moisture. If the ground is not quite moist at the time of planting the newly set plants should be watered. Plenty of water is an essential to successful strawberry growing.

The plants should be well cultivated, all weeds kept down, and the surface soil maintained in a soft, loose condition. Do not hoe or cultivate very deeply close around the plants. The roots are near the top, and plants are often killed by too deep hoeing. Cultivation should be often and shallow.

Strawberry plants will not thrive in soil that contains much alkali.

---

## CULTURE OF EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

There are a few things to be noted about the care of Everbearing strawberries. Since they bear three crops in two years instead

of one crop, as is the case with the standard kinds, they especially need plenty of fertilizer. We make the ground rich before planting, and then at the time the blossoms come on we apply a handful of commercial fertilizer near each plant, but no close enough to touch or burn it. We then hoe this into the soil. The second year we fertilize before the June crop comes on, and again after it is gathered. This gives the plant strength to recruit up for the fall crop.

When Everbearing strawberries are first set out they will soon begin to send out buds and blossoms. These should be cut off, to give the plants a chance to establish themselves and gain strength before bearing fruit. We cut off all buds as they appear until the first of July. In this way we get ripe berries about the first of August, and from that time on they will continue bearing until the ground freezes. Light frosts do not affect them much, as they are very hardy. The second year we do not need to cut the blossoms.

When the runners begin to come on the Americus, leave them on, for they will also bear fruit the first fall, often before they become rooted. After bearing, the runners may be removed. The Progressive and Superb should have all runner plants kept off, or the fall crop will not be at all heavy.

## OUR METHOD OF PRODUCING PLANTS

Canyon Home Nursery is situated in one of the most beautiful parts of the Cascade mountains, with no other fruit farm near, and we are very free from plant diseases and insect pests. Nevertheless, we keep our plants sprayed with preparations to render them immune to disease. They do not winter kill on account of the heavy snowfall, and come out in the spring green and ready to start into quick growth.

We use a spray system of irrigation, water being piped from springs high up in the Cascades, and keep our plants growing in a strong, healthy condition all the time. They are also carefully watched to discover any imperfect or unproductive plants, and any such are immediately pulled out and destroyed. We do not claim that our plants are better than all others, but we do say that we grow as good plants as any, vigorous, free from disease and true to name.

Our nursery is licensed, and we have given bonds in accordance with the laws of the State of Washington. This is a protection both to us and to our customers. Our plants are inspected by a state horticultural inspector.

We exercise the greatest care to have our plants true to name, but we will not agree to be responsible beyond the amount paid us for plants. We cannot be responsible for the crop.

## PACKING

Did you ever send for plants, and get them all dried out, and have half or more of them die? We ourselves have received plants that were so dry that it was almost impossible to make them grow. We want to call your attention to our method of packing. The plants are freshly dug, and all old leaves, runners, etc., trimmed off. Then we dip the roots in water and pack them in plenty of wet moss or sawdust. We usually use moss for the smaller shipments, and sawdust for very large ones. Over the wet moss we put waxed paper to hold the moisture; then comes the heavy outside wrapping paper for the small orders, and the light crate for those a little larger.

We make no extra charge for packing. It isn't how cheap you can get plants that counts as much as it is whether they are good, healthy, strong plants, and arrive in such a condition that they will grow and give you the crop that you have a right to expect. The plants, as we pack them, will bear transportation across the United States and arrive at their destination in good condition. When you order plants from us, you need not fear they will be dried out, for good packing is a hobby with us. Every package we ship has our personal attention and if anything is found wrong with the packing we will consider it a favor if you will let us know about it.

## DON'TS FOR STRAWBERRY GROWERS

Don't let the weeds get a big start. They will choke your plants.

Don't fail to cultivate often.

Don't forget to make your cultivation close to the plants shallow.

Don't mulch with straw coating weed seed.

Don't think, if you stick strawberry plants in the ground and go away and forget them, that they will flourish.

Don't make the mistake of thinking that chickens and strawberries will do well together. The chickens thrive, but not the strawberries. This applies to pigs also.

Don't put fresh horse manure close to your plants. It will burn them.

Don't buy the cheapest plants procurable. Good plants cannot be sold under a reasonable price.

Don't set the crown of the plants beneath the surface, nor let any of the root system stay on top.

Don't kill lady bugs and toads. They are your good friends in the strawberry patch, and destroy aphids and other enemies of the plants.

Don't plant strawberries on alkali soil.

Do not fail to buy plants if you are in debt, they will help you out.

## PRICES

### EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

No. of Plants—	50	100	250	1,000
Americus .....	\$1.50	\$2.50	\$5.00	\$20.00
Superb .....	1.50	2.50	5.00	20.00
Progressive .....	1.75	3.00	6.25	25.00

### SPRING OR STANDARD STRAWBERRIES

All varieties.....\$ .75    \$1.50    \$3.00    \$10.00

### WHAT A FEW OF OUR CUSTOMERS SAY

The berry plants were received in excellent condition. Thank you for your attention to the order.

RALPH E. DYAR,  
Washington.

—o—

The strawberry plants received in due time, in the best of condition. They were certainly packed to perfection. They are all growing nicely and we are anticipating great results from them. Thanking you for the careful manner and prompt attention given the order.

E. E. SHEDD,  
California.

—o—

Again I am enclosing \$5.00 for 250 Americus Everbearing Strawberry plants, as they are proving to be wonderful bearers. I am

enlarging my bed of Americus and have not enough plants of my own.

MRS. G. F. YEARIAN,  
California.

—o—

Find check enclosed for \$5.00 for which send me Americus strawberry plants. If out, send some other varieties of everbearing plants. Those plants we got last spring were fine and true to name.

GEO. INNKER,  
Oregon.

—o—

Please find enclosed an order for \$5.00 for which send me 250 plants Americus strawberries. I got my strawberry plants from you last spring and was very much pleased with them. Some bore berries an inch and a quarter the first year.

WILLIAM LIVINGOOD,  
Idaho.

—o—

Received the strawberries in good shape, and will say they were fine, the best plants we ever got from any place. Thank you very much.

H. NELSON,  
Montana.

—o—

Enclosed you will find \$2.50 for which you will please send me 100 Americus everbearing strawberry plants as soon as they

can be set out or as soon as conditions will permit. I got the Progressive two years ago and like them very much, so will send back to you again.

J. B. GILCHRIST,

Idaho.

—o—

The strawberry plants arrived in good condition and appear to be strong plants.

J. A. ALTHOUSE,

California.

---

The Record Press, Ellensburg.



Picking Strawberries, Canyon Home Nursery



U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,

Official Business.

Penalty for private use to avoid the  
payment of postage, \$300.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY,  
Horticultural and Pomological Investigations.

8-3501

Address

Ellsworth

From 48 office

47